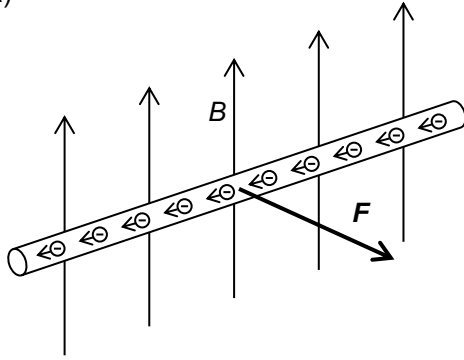
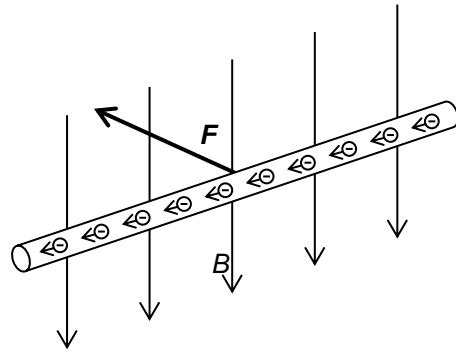


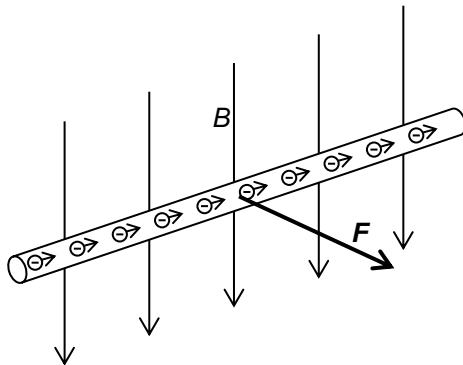
1. a)



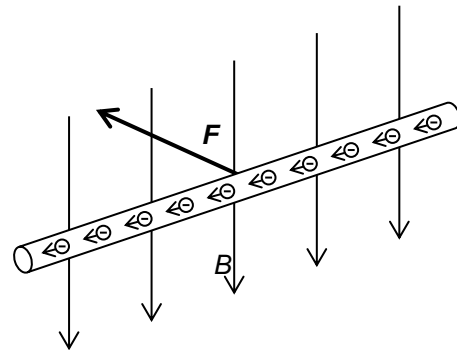
b)



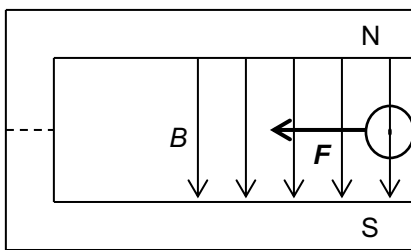
c)



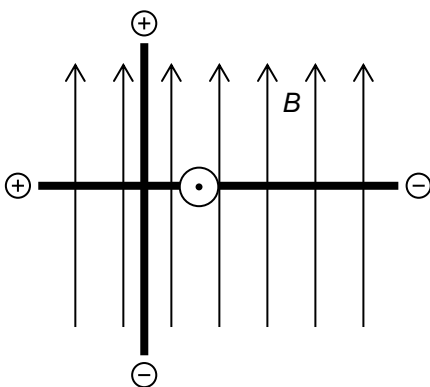
d)



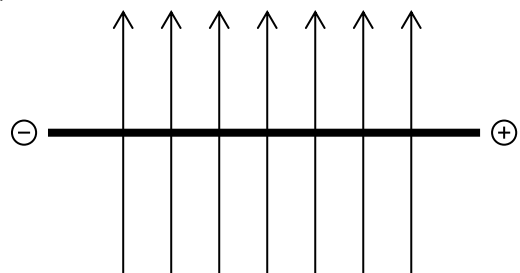
2.



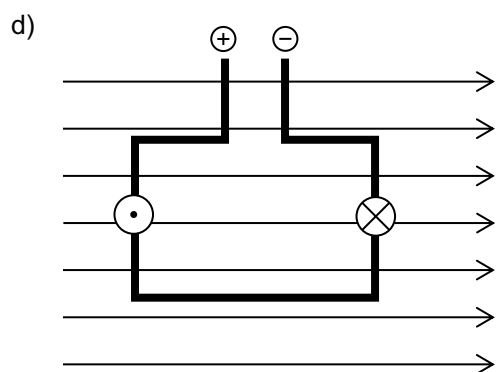
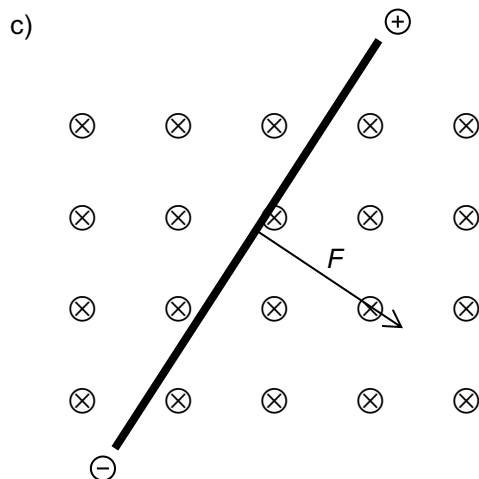
3. a)



b)

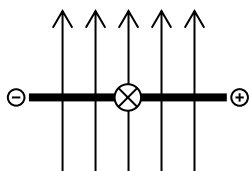


Electrons moving in a wire parallel to the magnetic field lines do not experience a magnetic force.



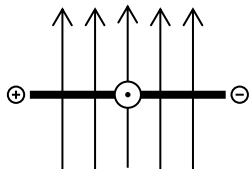
Electrons moving in the piece of wire parallel to the magnetic field lines do not experience a magnetic force

4. a) $F = I \cdot B \cdot s = 3.5 \text{ A} \cdot 0.05 \text{ T} \cdot 0.09 \text{ m} = 0.0158 \text{ N} = \underline{16 \text{ mN}}$



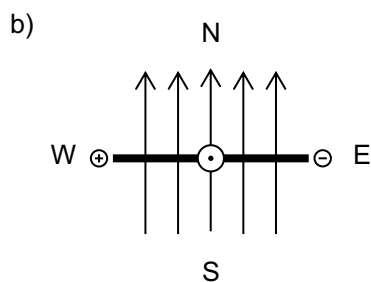
b) The magnetic force is zero, because the electrons in the wire are moving parallel to the magnetic field lines.

c) $F = I \cdot B \cdot s = 33 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ A} \cdot 33 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ T} \cdot 33 \cdot 10^3 \text{ m} = \underline{3.6 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ N}}$



5. $I = \frac{F_{\text{magnetic}}}{B \cdot s} = \frac{0.200 \text{ N}}{0.500 \text{ T} \cdot 0.0400 \text{ m}} = \underline{10.0 \text{ A}}$

6. a) $F = I \cdot B \cdot s = 4'400 \text{ A} \cdot 14.2 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ T} \cdot 65 \text{ m} = \underline{4.1 \text{ N}}$



Top view. The geographic north pole of the Earth is a magnetic south pole.
The wire is lifted slightly upwards.

7. $B = \frac{F_{\text{magnetic}}}{I \cdot s} = \frac{0.34 \text{ N}}{15.5 \text{ A} \cdot 0.037 \text{ m}} = \underline{0.59 \text{ T}}$